

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS, &c.
CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

DAKIN'S SELTZER WATER,
CONTAINS THE TRUE SELTZER SALTS.
Makes a more palatable drink with spirits than Soda Water.
NO LOWERING TENDENCY.
IN LARGEST SIZE BOTTLES, CENTS 50 PER DOZEN.
(Telephone No. 66.)

Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong, 13th April, 1891.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old brandy, all of which are of excellent quality and good value for the money. The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best goods at moderate prices.

IN ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired. Orders through Local Post or by Telegram receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per Case.	Per Doz.
A. Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	\$10	\$1.00
B. Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule.....	12	1.10
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	14	1.25
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).....	18	1.50

SHERRIES.

A. Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	6	0.60
B. Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	7.50	0.75
C. Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	10	1.00
CC. Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	10	1.00
D. Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old wine, White Seal Capsule.....	14	1.50
E. Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	14	1.50

CLARETS.

A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	\$4.50	\$4.50
B. St. Estephe, Red Capsule.....	4.50	5.00
C. St. Julien.....	7	7.50
D. La Rose.....	11	12.00

BRANDY.

A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	\$12	\$1.10
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	14	1.25
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	18	1.50
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vintage, Red Capsule.....	24	2.00

SCOTCH WHISKY.

A. Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
C. Watson's Abouloir-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
D. Watson's H K D Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	10	1.00
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	12	1.10

IRISH WHISKY.

A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	10	1.00
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	12	1.10
GIN.		
A. Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
B. Fine Unsweetened, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva.....	5.25	0.50

RUM.

Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	12	1.00
Good Lecward Island.....	\$1.50	per Gallon.

LIQUEURS.

Benedictine.....	12	1.00
Maraschino.....	12	1.00
Curacao.....	12	1.00
Cherry Cordial.....	12	1.00
Dr. Siger's Angostura Bitters, &c.	12	1.00

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1891.

DETERRENT SENTENCES.

At a meeting of the Finance Committee of the Hongkong Legislative Council held in December last Mr. Registrar ACKROYD, who was then acting as Attorney-General, in giving his views on the proposed extension of Victoria Gaol, practically advocated wholesale flogging as the punishment most likely to have a deterrent effect in the reduction of crime in this colony. And notwithstanding the

fact that the Secretary of State positively and absolutely declined to accede to the recommendation of the Gaol Inquiry Committee, of which the worthy Registrar of the Supreme Court was chairman, that flogging should be sanctioned for a number of comparatively minor offences, we now find Mr. ACKROYD in his present position of Acting Police Judge ignoring the very plainly expressed instructions of the Home Government, and ordering the lash with no unsparing hand on a hapless prisoner who had the misfortune to come under his jurisdiction.

On the broad question of flogging for offences against law and order there is no room for the judges in Crown colonies to make any serious mistake. Public opinion in England has distinctly said that flogging as a legal punishment, excepting for garroters and in cases, where brutal violence has been used, will not be tolerated, and that expression of public opinion has been supported by Her Majesty's Government. Fifteen years ago the state of affairs in Hongkong was simply infamous; public floggings at the back of the Harbour Office were of frequent occurrence, the almost daily scenes at the whipping post being of a most degrading and demoralising character. The colony owes the removal of that relic of barbarism to Sir JOHN POKER HENNESSY, who not only abolished public flogging but reduced corporal punishment in gaol to the narrowest limits; and this he did with the entire approval of the Secretary of State and to the satisfaction of the vast majority of the Hongkong community, the principal dissenters being certain officials of the old and brutal regime, some of whom are still staunch advocates of the triangles and the "cat."

Of late years sentences of flogging have been greatly on the increase, the present Chief Justice having set what we consider a most unworthy example both in this direction and generally as regards severity of sentences, an example, however, which the Acting Police Judge appears determined to imitate. This policy is neither in harmony with the times in which we live, nor is it calculated to effect the main objects in view—the reduction of crime, the rehabilitation to honest life of first offenders and other persons who are not habitual criminals, and the intelligent treatment of the whole criminal classes. Hongkong has retrograded, not advanced, in its criminal system during the past ten years; and it is undoubted that the excessively severe punishments inflicted in cases of petty larceny, and in many instances for other trifling offences, both at the Magistracy and Supreme Court, have contributed in no inconsiderable extent to the increase of crime and the steady augmentation of the ranks of the criminal classes. A Chinese who is once flogged in gaol is at once placed outside the pale of decent life; any honest occupation for the future is rendered almost impossible, and the indelible marks of his disgrace, which he will bear on his body all his life, render him a social pariah and drive him to steal in order to satisfy the pangs of hunger. He must either starve or steal; he prefers the latter, is again arrested, tried, sentenced, flogged—and becomes a hopeless case. It is against this short-sighted method of manufacturing criminals that we have consistently protested for years.

At the Criminal Sessions last Monday Acting Police Judge ACKROYD sentenced FAN KI, an ex-police constable, to three years' imprisonment with hard labour, and three whippings of twenty-five strokes each within the first six months. The man's crime, to use the learned Judge's own definition, was in watching so as to allow his confederates to commit a robbery. This was the head and front of the policeman's offending; and even admitting his guilt and its aggravation by the fact of his being a public officer, the sentence was out of all proportion to the crime, especially as it was a first offence and the prisoner had personally committed no violence. For the seventy-five lashes we can see no justification whatever, and his Excellency the Governor should interfere and prevent what on the face of it is an uncalled-for outrage on public justice. The inequalities of sentences passed in the Hongkong Courts have become little short of a scandal and should long since have been firmly dealt with by the Executive; we shall review a few noteworthy examples, for public information, at an early date.

THE PROPOSED WATER-WORKS FOR CANTON.

Is the local Chinese paper *Chung Ngai Sun* Po is well informed, the Canton Water-works scheme which has attracted considerable public attention in this colony lately, has collapsed. Our contemporary publishes what purports to be replies from Viceroy LI HAN-CHANG and the Governor of Canton to the petitions of Ho LUNO KAM, who, we understand, was one of the

principal promoters of the projected new water supply for the capital of Kwangtung. The Viceroy sets out that the labour and expenses necessary to carry out the proposed works would be enormous, and that if the community were called upon to contribute towards the cost and upkeep, serious troubles would probably arise. And as LI HAN-CHANG, at his advanced age, is naturally desirous of avoiding any conflict with an irate populace who most assuredly would "kick against" any increased taxation even for such a boon as a plentiful supply of good water, he has solved the difficulty to his own satisfaction at least by shelving the petition, and refusing to memorialise the Emperor "in favor of the project. His Excellency has further given orders for the immediate arrest and severe punishment of Ho LUNO KAM, whom he describes as an official dismissed from office, and who has already been under the ban of the Emperor's displeasure.

The Governor's reply is couched in pretty much the same terms as the Viceroy's. He opines that if the people were forbidden to use water from their own wells—almost every house in Canton has a separate well of its own—and compelled to pay for a supply from the proposed Water-works, "it would be difficult to get them to obey with delight." He also foresees serious troubles in the suggested monthly collection of a water-tax, sums up by concluding that the benefits of the new scheme would be very little and the disadvantages proportionately great, and therefore refuses to accede to the petitioner's proposals.

This is only one more instance of the strong disinclination of the Chinese to adopt foreign methods, unless absolutely compelled to do so by the necessities of the moment. The proposed Water-works would undoubtedly have proved an invaluable boon to the millions who crowd the narrow streets of Canton, but the difficulties in the way of realising the scheme on the lines proposed were almost impracticable from the first. Any attempt to impose a fresh tax on a proverbially conservative and stiff-necked populace, who, Chinese-like, are satisfied with the water already at their disposal, would inevitably have led to riots and bloodshed, and without such tax the carrying out of the works and maintaining them after completion would have been quite impossible. And so the undertaking collapsed.

TELEGRAMS.

MORE DISGUSTING DISCLOSURES IN HIGH LIFE.

LONDON, April 16th.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Captain Verney, M. P., and Mr. De Cobain, M. P.; the former is charged with attempting to procure a girl for immoral purposes, and the latter with unnatural offences. The whereabouts of both are at present unknown.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

H.M.S. *Tamar* left Singapore, homeward bound, on the afternoon of the 17th inst.

THERE will be a game of polo at Causeway Bay to-morrow, commencing at 4.45 p.m.

THE Jews-harp—"What's doing in Banks today?" P.S.—This applies to the Christian brother too.

THE complimentary dance to be given to the Garrison Staff at the City Hall has been fixed for the 30th inst.

THE execution of six men and one woman at Kowloon City will take place this evening or early to-morrow morning.

AT the concert last night, Military Master—"There's one thing I like about a trim, fat figure." Friend—"What's that?" M. M.—"So little it goes to waist!"

M. MASPERO, the Egyptologist, in his "Historical Readings," devotes several pages to establishing the fact that strikes occurred in Egypt over 3,000 years ago. There's nothing new under the sun.

AN Emergency Convocation of Victoria Chapter, No. 12, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting companions are cordially invited.

THE Singapore *Free Press* notes the arrival at that port in H.M.S. *Tamar* of Major Hannay and Lieut. A. Sutherland, of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, who have gone down from Hongkong "for some big game shooting in Negri Sembilan." We trust the gallant Major will have good sport.

THE proprietor of a Japanese coffee shop in Wellington Street was robbed of his watch and chain last night by a Portuguese clerk. He informed the Police, and this morning Inspector Quincey and Detective Hadden, who were on the alert, caught a well-dressed dandy pawing the watch and chain in the same street. She was at once arrested, and said the articles had been given to her by a Portuguese, who at present is "wanted." Boy! the banjo!

Big Plans have smaller Plans. For details see and hear from the Japanese have (Portuguese) and to add indignation.

A NUMBER of small causes were summarily dealt with in the Supreme Court this morning. In the course of one suit the assistant bailiff who served the summons (returnable on the 13th inst.) innocently stated that he delivered it to the defendant on the 16th, and seemed not a little proud of the efficient manner in which he performed his duty. The Acting Police Judge at once dropped on him. "I have had to speak three or four times of the manner in which these summonses are served. You say that you know it was returnable on the 13th and yet you only delivered it on the 16th?" The "official" feebly assented, and retired, looking surprised and hurt at the idea that there was room for anything but commendation.

THE Superintendent of the P. & O. S. N. Co. informs us that the Company's steamer *Andana* left Nagasaki for this port at 4 p.m. yesterday.

ACCORDING to latest accounts from Singapore, the health of Sir Frederick Weld continues unsatisfactory, no real progress towards recovery having been made.

STANLEY and his Rear Column are at Sourabaya. They call it the Opera House Company there. We called it the Saw-saw Singers here. And bless if they'd advertise.

A MASONIC LODGE has been started in Sandakan, British North Borneo. It is styled the Borneo Lodge, and will be consecrated as soon as the charter arrives from the Grand Lodge of England.

THE law of evolution works in language, as well as in other things. Twenty thousand words have been added to the English language in the department of biology alone since Darwin's discoveries.

A COUPLE of conies who wished to assist in the reclamation work by dumping a quantity of rubbish in the harbour yesterday afternoon, were fined \$2 or fourteen days at the Police Court, by Mr. Wise, this morning.

A LIGHTHOUSE has lately been erected at the port of Kudat. It is said to be a substantial structure, and shows a powerful light that can be seen a long distance off. This is the first light-house opened in British North Borneo.

THE Persians have this curse, which has come down to them from former generations: "May his face be turned upside-down and jackasses sit upon his uncle's grave." There is a good deal of originality in this, when carefully analysed.

A CHINAMAN was arrested this morning at his house in Wellington Street and charged with being in possession of ten tins of prepared opium and 112 balls of Persian opium. He will be brought before Mr. Wise to-morrow morning.

AN Italian, charged with a stabbing outrage in North Bridge Road, Singapore, on the night of the 15th inst., was arrested on board the steamer *Borneo*, the vessel was preparing to leave the harbour on the afternoon of the 17th inst.

WE read that a Tacoma woman, Mrs. Hannah Dober, mother of five little Doberers, has invented the most unique toilet apparatus on record: it is a machine that bathes, rinses, dries and dices the entire Dober brood simultaneously by the simple turning of a crank.

THE largest hospital in the world is in Germany—the Allgemeine Krankenhaus, which contains 3,000 beds. This hospital, which is now one hundred and sixteen years old, is managed in the interest of students, not humanely for the benefit of the poor patients.

THE British North Borneo planters have taken a new departure, as regards procuring coolie labour from China. The steamer *Menmon* has gone to Holbow to endeavour to ship coolies direct from that port to Sandakan, instead of shipping them in Hongkong.

On the 8th inst. the police authorities at Batavia, accompanied by the British Consul, visited the steamers *Darunda* and *Taroba*, of the Queensland Royal Mail line. They were anxious to find a person by the name of Waterhouse who had fled from Sydney; having embezzled the sum of £300. The search was unsuccessful.

MR. BECHER has been prospecting for the Pahang Corporation. He wrote a short golden vision of Mirza the other day beginning—"I am pleased to report that the prospects of the mine are unchanged, and that we continue to break excellent stone." &c. &c. Lord Punjion to a pop, except that the shareholders are breaking the stones.

MR. E. W. MAITLAND, Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial Hospital, begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the hospital:—

G. R. Lammett, Esq.....	\$ 10
J. E. Baird, Esq.....	10
J. W. Maclehoze, Esq.....	10
A. Denison, Esq.....	5

"DODO," in *Reynold's Newspaper*, says:—

Frequently have I called attention to the disgraceful conduct of the legal members of Parliament when questions affecting their profession arise. They then sink the politician and become acute professional men. But he should see the "honourable" official Legislators in Hongkong when the Salaries increase question is on deck. Talk about sinking!

THE master of a cargo-boat, who was charged last week with being in possession of a quantity of articles, including a couple of lengths of chain cable stolen from the wreck of the *Wahing*, was brought before Mr. Wise at the Police Court, this morning. He said he could account for the possession, and gave a long story of receiving them from departed friends, but as the defence was too improbable he was ordered to pay \$25 or go to prison for two months.

THE boasted suitability of the steamship *Hongkong* for the Hongkong-Macau traffic is pretty clearly "shown up" by the time-table circulated to-day, regulating her hours of departure from here to Macao during the summer months. As the hours range from 1 to 5 p.m., passengers are certainly booked for a real good time. In the face of this aliphad kind of business, it is not to be wondered at if the Steam Launch Co.'s *Peregrina*, as reported, has been reaping a rich harvest on this route.

CHAN A LUN was charged at the Magistracy this morning with snatching a pair of gold earrings, value \$15, from a married woman in Queen's Road Central yesterday afternoon. The complainant said she was walking alone near the Central Market when she felt her earrings snatched from behind, and, turning round, saw the defendant running. Mr. W. Saunders, of the Water and Drainage Department, said he saw the complainant walking a short distance in front of him and the defendant snatch the earrings. He gave chase, but the defendant was caught near the Stag Hotel by another man. The defendant denied the charge and, in answer to the Magistrate, said he was fifteen years old. By the Law of the Ladrones he was sent to gaol for a month, and ordered to receive a whiff of a dozen strokes.

At the Magistracy this morning, before Mr. Wise, Kawashima Jintaro, his brother, and nine young Japanese women were charged with secreting themselves on board the British steamer *Zamboni* on or about the 16th inst. The whole of the defendants—poor girls—pleaded guilty. Captain Parsons, who appeared as prosecutor, said they had no passport from Japan, and he thought the two men had taken the women on board. They were hidden in the fore-park and were not discovered till the day before they arrived here on Thursday. Mr. Wise thought the Japanese Consul should be informed of the case, as perhaps he would be the best person to deal with the defendants.—Captain Parsons said the men were willing to pay the passages for all the women, but having no passport from Japan, he scarcely knew whether he would incur some responsibility for having brought them here.—Mr. Wise adjourned the case till to-morrow, so that in the meantime the Japanese Consul could be communicated with.

THE *Free Press* says that at the Singapore Police Court last week a case came up for trial in which a mutton butcher named Bellios, of Rochore Road, was charged with obstruction. Surely not our "Honorable" E. R.—and yet—

THE automatic dress suspender lately invented, is most ingenious, and now that long skirts are coming into fashion, it is likely to be extensively used by ladies desirous of displaying a neat foot and pretty ankle. At a touch of the hand to the back of the dress the skirts may at once be adjusted to any height the wearer prefers, and the letting down process is equally simple. This is done from the outside so that even when tripping along Queen's Road it is possible to effect any alteration that the state of the weather and the mudiness of the place may render desirable.

At the Magistracy this afternoon Mr. Wise, Acting Coroner, held an inquiry into the circumstances connected with the death of Ah Fook, who fell from the roof of a house in Tank Lane last Saturday. From the evidence it appeared that the deceased had a quarrel in the house, and, in trying to make his escape by the roof, fell into the street. He was taken to the hospital in a state of collapse, suffering from a compound fracture of the elbow joint, but he never rallied, and died the same day. The cause of death was a rupture of the liver, caused by the shock. The Magistrate returned a verdict of "Accidental death." Stroke the Jews-harp gently for the pore man!—

It wasn't a fall-stroke, it was a fall-stroke. That Ah Fook met his former dire; But he'd fight into space, and now he's getting grace—That it is of course if he ain't in—Gehmas.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Sumatra Courant* writes from Kota Radja:—No important fighting has taken place during the past week or two, but shots were continually being fired by the enemy. A gunner at Siroen, on the 18th ult., was hit in the chest and died immediately. At Lamudjane the enemy caused alarms during the last nights of the month. There was firing on all sides but nobody was hit. On the 23rd March Captain Ross of the English steamer *Wahasi* was attacked by Achinese in the Edie river. He received several cleaving wounds on the head and hands and was taken to our fort, and so obtained his freedom in two-thirds of the time. If he is in hospital all he earns five marks daily, and when on punishment his record is lowered, on a fixed scale, to the bare four marks; thus lengthening the period which must elapse before his time is up. But the naval and military prisoners, and those sentenced in the Consular Courts of China and Japan, must work their full sentence! This was surely never contemplated when the system was extended to the East—and yet for lack of interest on the part of the powers that be these men are enduring years of unfair detention, and every day seems a month, mind you. Our present Governor is doing something—poking the ribs of the lethargic Secretary of State at home with "minutes" every few months, I suppose—but it is a matter that in justice calls for more energetic action on behalf of these friendless, characterless, hopeless men.

(To be continued.)

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A POINTER FOR PASSENGERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."—Sir,—As an occasional visitor to Canton I have been accustomed to use the Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.'s line, or Butterfield & Swire's boat. I did so a few days ago, and it cost me \$3 for my fare and as much for two plain meals. Last night I returned by the new Chinese-owned steamer *Tai-on*, and I think many would be grateful to know that—although the vessel is fast, yet in ship-shape order internally—I had better accommodation, much more kindly courtesy and attention, and infinitely better—how do you call it?—"chow," than on the other lines. And I paid \$3.50. Henceforth the *Tai-on* is the vessel which will receive the exclusive patronage of Yours truly,

PASSENGER.

LIFE IN VICTORIA GAOL.

(Continued.)

VII.

"The insolence of office, and the spurns That patient (prisoners) of the unworthy take." *Hamlet*, slightly altered.

One of the most important factors in the proper conduct of such an establishment is having good and efficient officers. Writing of the *personal* of the Gaol in December 1889—when there could scarcely be any insinuation of personal bias—I wrote that "the officials 'may truly be characterized as ignorant, lazy, and intemperate never-do-weels, deficient in almost all the qualities which men in their position ought to possess. Many of the 'Europeans have been beach-combers, the 'wails and strays of the rum mills in Talping-shan; the alleged Portuguese as a rule 'most feeble specimens of manhood; and there 'is a sprinkling of Indian and negro turnkeys 'whom one would think hardly fitted to hold 'the power with which they are invested.' Those, to a great extent, are my sentiments to-day, after twenty weeks of unobscured observation. There are some thirty turnkeys of various ranks—assistant second-class, ditto first-class, &c., and they comprise (if I remember rightly) about four Englishmen, five Irish, five Spanish-Portuguese-Chinese mestizos, four Scandinavians, one or two Italians and Maltese, an American, an Indian, and a Barbadian. Most of them have been sea-faring men—and boys, for half-a-dozen are but mere lads; and a few (I say this without prejudice, for they were generally the most beauteous in their attitude towards prisoners) have themselves known what it is to wear the broad-arrow on another uniform to that they now possess.

Their lot is not an enviable one. Joining the corps must surely be a last resort, for at the outset the pay is only a pitiful \$30 a month—barely enough to keep them in clothing and tobacco after their mess-charges are paid. They are, when on duty, thirteen hours in uniform, subject to regulations hardly less strict than those which bind the watchmen under their charge. They must not smoke, nor sit down, nor speak (except in giving orders) to a prisoner; they are perpetually spying on each other, to report any dereliction of duty; they cannot even call their evenings their own; all liquor has to be passed by the warden before it can be taken into their quarters; they must be in by a comparatively early hour, and sober, or they are excluded for the night and fined for being out; and they are at all times liable to be searched, with very little more ceremony than a prisoner. All for \$30, \$40, or \$50 a month! The result is that the have to either conduct themselves angelically, or forfeit a considerable proportion of their pay monthly. Yet they flourish—perhaps they live on their winnings at "the card-parties" * * * at which the European prisoners are allowed to participate," according to the *Daily Press*.

There are perhaps half-a-dozen men who are up to the standard of the Police—the rest are a disgrace to the institution. Often have I heard more than one of them boast that he had "got through" a bottle of brandy "the night before," and more than once I have known cases where wardens have been ordered to leave duty and get sober in their quarters. And perhaps, five minutes before, these men had set about reducing a prisoner's

food-allowance to bread-and-water for three days for a whiff—or for nothing! These are the type of officers who make prisoners creep about the yards and corridors in a state of perpetual terror, vaguely fearing that the morrow will see them "run" on some unknown indictment.

As regards the "knocking the prisoners about," which is sometimes alleged outside, I am not in a position to say very much. The European prisoners certainly are not even threatened—for the sufficient reason that they would at once report the officer. But the Chinese could tell some tales, especially the short-sentence men—the beggars and hawkers and other petty offenders who are serving their week or fortnight for lack of fifty cents. They are provoking sometimes, certainly; they seem to have less sense to the square inch than a flock of sheep; but the question is whether even sheep ought to be boxed and banged by a short-tempered thirty-dollars myrmidon solely because they don't understand him when he "baa's!" It is very seldom that they know that they have a right to complain to the Superintendent or the superior official, and those who do know also know that it is dangerous. Protective rules may be, and are, made, but whatever else the officers will do they will always combine to screen each other, and as marks are rarely left—not that the blows are not given with good-will, but a soft spot is chosen—the appellant generally gets sent away with a prospect of bread-and-water for "bringing a false charge against an officer." And thenceforward he is marked out for reports innumerable, and his life made a misery. There was some talk a year or two ago of engaging regular officers from English prisons; I rather think a vote was passed in Council, but there it was. In the meantime the shirtless dead-beat buttons up his coat, gets the Superintendent to engage him, does the uniform, and blossoms into "Sir," and a reformatory power!

To turn from officers to prisoners, I would like to ventilate one distinct grievance. In Victoria Gaol, in 1886, the "mark" system was adopted. If a man is sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment he knows that he has 1400 marks to gain—365 days, at 4 marks a day. So long as he keeps at work, and is not reported, he is credited with six marks *per diem*, and so obtains his freedom in two-thirds of the time. If he is in hospital all he earns five marks daily, and when on punishment his record is lowered, on a fixed scale, to the bare four marks; thus lengthening the period which must elapse before his time is up. But the naval and military prisoners, and those sentenced in the Consular Courts of China and Japan, must work their full sentence! This was surely never contemplated when the system was extended to the East—and yet for lack of interest on the part of the powers that be these men are enduring years of unfair detention, and every day seems a month, mind you. Our present Governor is doing something—poking the ribs of the lethargic Secretary of State at home with "minutes" every few months, I suppose—but it is a matter that in justice calls for more energetic action on behalf of these friendless, characterless, hopeless men.

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PASSENGER.

SANITARY BOARD, ATTENTION!

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."—Sir,—Allow me a few lines to draw attention to the filthy state of the nullah which runs through between the grounds of the Royal Artillery and that of the Naval Yard. There are at the present moment several feet of thick decomposed vegetable matter and other rubbish accumulated at the lower end of this nullah, extending upwards to a distance of about 300 feet, and the stench emitted from this deposit is anything but pleasant. Of course it will become more unbearable as the hot weather sets in, and the authorities would do well to see about the removal of this nuisance as the effects of it begin to tell on the health of those who reside in close proximity thereto. I may add, too, that the entrance to this place is silted up with sand to a considerable height. I am, Sir, Yours faithfully,

DOCKYARD.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1891.

HE TAKES OFF HIS HAT.

Commercial.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, ex New Issue, 100 per cent. premium, sellers.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, cum New Issue, 120 per cent. premium, sellers.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, New Issue, 104 per cent. premium, sellers.
 Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$95 per share, buyers.
 China Traders' Insurance Company—\$65 per share, buyers.
 North China Insurance—Tis. 275 per share, buyers.
 Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$115 per share, sellers.
 Yangtze Insurance Association—Tis. 70 per share, nominal.
 On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tis. 150 per share.
 Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$315 per share, sellers.
 China Fire Insurance Company—\$321 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$100 per cent. premium, buyers.
 Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$133 per share, sellers.
 China and Manila Steam Ship Company—120 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Gas Company—\$131 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Hotel Company—\$120 per share, buyers.
 Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—\$501.
 Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—30 per cent. discount, sellers.
 Douglas Steamship Company—\$48 per share, sellers.
 China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$198 per share, sellers.
 Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$92 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong Ice Company—\$90 per share, buyers.
 Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$75 per share.
 Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$7 per share, sellers.
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$21 per share, buyers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—2 per cent. premium, buyers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—5 per cent. premium, buyers.
 Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—14 per cent. premium.
 Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$122 per share, ex. div., sales and buyers.
 The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Limited—\$25 per share, nominal.
 Punjom and Sunghie Doo Samantan Mining Co. \$2 per share, sellers.
 The Rumbold Mining Co., Limited—80 cents per share, buyers.
 Inauris Mining Co., Limited—\$12 per share, buyers.
 The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$7 per share, sellers.
 Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—\$79 per share, buyers.
 Tongkin Coal Mining Co.—\$430 per share, buyers.
 The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—\$6 per share, buyers.
 The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$10 per share, sellers.
 H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$48 per share, ex. div., buyers.
 The Sengkei Koyah Planting Co., Limited—\$131 per share, buyers.
 Crutchbank & Co., Limited—\$35 per share, nominal.
 The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
 The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Company, Limited—\$13 per share, sellers.
 The China-Borneo Co., Limited—\$16 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—\$12 per share, sellers.
 The Green Island Cement Co.—\$17 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—\$87 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$6 per share, buyers.
 Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$15 per share, sellers.
 The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$30 per share, sellers.
 The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Limited—\$8 per share, sellers.
 The Labuk Planting Co., Limited—\$25 per share, sellers.
 The Lamag Planting Co., Limited—\$7 per share, buyers.
 The Jebleu Mining and Trading Co., Limited—\$2 per share, buyers.
 The Selima Tin Mining Co., Limited—\$1 per share, sellers.
 The Shamrock Co., Limited—nominal.
 The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—\$15 per share, buyers.
 The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ltd.—\$18 per share, sellers.
 The Bank of China & Japan & the Straits Ltd.—Founders' shares, \$180 per share, sellers.
 The Hongkong Marine, Limited—nominal.
 London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Limited—\$15, sellers.
 The National Bank of China, Ltd.—27 per cent. div., sellers.
 The National Bank of China, Ltd., Founders' shares—\$400 per share, sellers.

Exchange.

ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. 3/12
 Bank Bills, on demand, 3/12
 Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight, 3/12
 Credits at 4 months' sight, 3/12
 Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight, 3/12
ON PARIS—
 Bank Bills, on demand, 404
 Credits, at 4 months' sight, 403
 On India, T. T. 221
 On Demand, 222
ON SHANGHAI—
 Bank T. T. 711
 Private, 30 days' sight, 711

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.
 ALWINE, German steamer, 400, A. Bendixen, 23rd April—Hollow 22nd April, General—Wielor & Co.
 SHANGHAI, British steamer, 2,044, F. N. Tillard, 24th April—London 8th March, and Singapore 18th April, General—P. & O. S. N. Co.
 FRIGGA, German steamer, 1,959, F. Nagel, 24th April—Singapore 16th April, General—Siemssen & Co.
 TELAMON, British steamer, 1,555, M. H. F. Jackson, 24th April—Liverpool, and Singapore 17th April, General—Butterfield & Swire.
 PATIAN, British steamer, 2,709, George Roy, 24th April—Middlesbrough, via Glasgow, Liverpool 11th March, Port Said 24th, Aden 31st, Penang 14th April, and Singapore 18th, General—Adamson, Bell & Co.

DEPARTURES.
 April 24, *Meissa*, Chinese str., for Shanghai.
 April 24, *Nanyang*, British str., for Swatow, &c.
 April 24, *Asagao*, Japanese str., for Nagasaki.
 April 24, *Amigo*, German str., for Singapore, &c.
 April 24, *Canton*, British str., for Swatow, &c.
 April 24, *Deuawongse*, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.
 April 24, *Duiteros*, German str., for Saigon.
PASSENGERS—ARRIVALS.
 Per *Shanghai*, str., from Singapore, &c.—426 Chinese.
 Per *Frigea*, str., from Singapore—2 Europeans and 270 Chinese.
 Per *Talamon*, str., from Singapore, &c.—10 Chinese.
 Per *Pathan*, str., from Middlesbrough, &c.—Mr. Ferguson, and 29 Chinese.
DEPARTED.
 Per *Titan*, str., from Hongkong for London—Mrs. Harris and child, Miss Harris, Mr. L. Gunnar and Master Poste. From Shanghai for London—Mr. and Mrs. Eccleston, Mrs. Olsen and family, Mrs. Washbrook and child, Mrs. Bull and child, Mrs. Smith and child, Captain Crawford, Messrs. Holt and Redout.
REPORTS.
 The British steamship *Frigea* reports that she left Singapore on the 16th instant. The last two days had very foggy weather.
 The British steamship *Shanghai* reports that she left London on the 8th ultimo, and Singapore on the 18th instant. Had fine weather, but foggy.
 The British steamship *Pathan* reports that she left Middlesbrough, via Glasgow and Liverpool, on the 17th ultimo. Heavy north-east gale leaving home, in St. George's Channel, and Bay of Biscay, doing slight damage around deck. Port Said on the 24th, Aden on the 31st, Penang on the 14th instant; arrived at Singapore on the 17th, and left again at 2 p.m. on the 18th. Fine passage till last night, when she had heavy fog banks with smooth sea and glass 30.6.

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.
 For Straits and Bombay—Per *Thalot* tomorrow, the 25th instant, at 11.30 A.M.
 For Yokohama, Honolulu, and San Francisco—Per *City of Peking* tomorrow, the 25th instant, at 6.30 P.M.

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.
 ARYSSINIA, British steamer, 2,148, J. C. Williamson, R.N.R., 1st April—Saigon 27th March, Rice—Kung Yuen.
 ARATOON APCAR, British steamer, 1,392, J. G. Spence, 23rd April—Calcutta 8th April, Penang 14th, and Singapore 17th, Oplum and General—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
 CITY OF PEKING, American steamer, 3,129, R. R. Searle, 17th April—San Francisco 21st March, and Yokohama 11th April, Malls and General—P. & O. S. N. Co.
 DARDANUS, British steamer, 1,507, T. Purdy, 23rd April—Nagasaki 18th April, General—Butterfield & Swire.
 FAME, British steamer, 1,177, Lieut. Wm. G. Comley, R.N.R.—Hongkong Government tender.
 GHAZEE, British steamer, 1,754, A. Scotland, 20th April—Saigon 16th April, General—Adamson, Bell & Co.
 GWALIOR, British steamer, 2,733, F. J. Jephson, 18th April—Bombay 1st April, and Singapore 16th, General—P. & O. S. N. Co.
 HAIPHONG, French steamer, 845, Bouquet, 21st April—Haiphong 18th April, General—Messageries Maritimes.
 KINO, British steamer, 1,552, A. Tyson, 18th April—London 26th Feb., and Singapore 11th April, General—Russell & Co.
 LANCELOT, British steamer, 1,564, J. Thomas, 19th April—Saigon 14th April, Rice and Paddy—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
 NANSHAN, British steamer, 805, J. Blackburne, 14th April—Bangkok 6th April, Rice—Hop & King.
 PARTHA, British steamer, 2,035, John Pantou, R.N.R., 15th April—Saigon 11th April, General—Adamson, Bell & Co.
 PHRA CHULA CHOM KLAO, British steamer, 1,011, J. A. Morris, 23rd April—Bangkok 15th April, and Koh-al-chang 17th, General—Yuen Fat Hong.
 PILOT FISH, British steamer, 161, A. Stopani—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.
 POLLUX, German steamer, 898, Hellmers, 23rd April—Saigon 18th April, Rice and Paddy—Melchers & Co.
 SIKH, British steamer, 1,716, J. Rowley, 17th April—Saigon 13th April, Rice and General—Adamson, Bell & Co.
 STORE NORDBIS, Danish steamer, 596, Petersen, 22nd April—from a cruise—G. N. Telegraph Co.
 THANCE AV, Chinese steamer, 350, Wong Ling Sing, 11th Dec.—Haiphong 27th Dec., Ballast—Chinese.
 THIRBY, British steamer, 1,665, W. L. Brown, 22nd April—Saigon 16th April, General—P. & O. S. N. Co.
 WHITE HEATHER, British steam-yacht, 637, Cates, 17th April—Singapore 9th April.
 ZAMBESI, British steamer, 1,650, Parsons, 23rd April—Kutchinotru 18th April, Coals—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

SAILING VESSELS.

ADOLPH OBRIG, American bark, 1,376, F. Carleton, 5th March—New York 31st August.
 Kerosene Oil—Reuter, Brockmann & Co.
 COLUMBUS, German ship, 1,428, L. Heesloot, 21st April—Singapore 20th March, Timber—Melchers & Co.
 DON JUSTO, American bark, 708, B. Nelson, 21st April—Singapore 28th Feb., Timber. Captain.
 DOROTHEA, German bark, 620, H. F. Moeller, 24th March—Hamburg 10th Oct., General—Siemssen & Co.
 DOROTHEA, British bark, 310, Angus Croal, 21st April—Pitago 2nd April, Timber—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
 ELKONING, Chinese bark, 457, Oplum Examinate hulk, Stonecutters' Island—Chinese Customs.
 HEINRICH, German bark, 923, F. H. Bannau, 22nd Feb.—Hamburg 20th Sept., General—Carlows & Co.
 JAPAN, Peruvian bark, 398, M. Janila, 17th Nov.—Callao (Peru) 30th August, General—Gonsalves & Co.
 JENNY, American schooner, 47, Baada, 6th Jan.—Yap 26th December, Becho-de-mor—Master.
 ORIENT, German bark, 461, H. R. Gontard, 6th April—Singapore 10th Feb., Timber—Wielor & Co.
 PACIFICUS, American ship, 1,145, Wm. Beadle, 18th March—Shanghai 3rd April, Ballast—Russell & Co.
 SARA MENDES, Peruvian schooner, 245, A. Munizaga, 4th July—Saigon 27th June, Rice—Captain.
 VORING, Norwegian bark, 302, O. P. Larsen, 22nd April—Kil Island 17th March, Timber—Siemssen & Co.
 WM. LE LACHUE, British bark, 375, W. Asid, 17th March—Honolulu 21st January, Iron, Copper, &c.—Wing Wo Chan & Co.

To be Let.

TO LET.
 NOS. 9 & 11, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
 ROOMS in College Chambers No. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.
 OFFICES and CHAMBERS in Connaught House, Queen's Road Central.
 OFFICES in Victoria Buildings, No. 2, PEDDER'S HILL.
 Apply to
 DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Hongkong, 10th April, 1891. [13]

TO BE LET SHORTLY.
 A N exceedingly comfortable and cool 6 ROOMED HOUSE.
 Apply to
 THE SECRETARY, Humphreys Estate & Finance Co., Ltd.
TO BE LET OR SOLD.
 On favourable terms, with immediate Possession.

EIGHT HOUSES at "Mountain View," Peak District, near Plunkett's Gap. If sold, part of the Purchase money can remain on Mortgage.
 Apply to
 JOHN A. JUPP, 38 & 40, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 10th April, 1891. [16]

TO LET AT THE PEAK.
 Possession 1st May, 1891.

THE HOUSE "CREGGAN," Best position.
 Apply to
 M. S. SASSOON & Co., Hongkong, 16th April, 1891. [599]
THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET.
 KNUTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.

HOUSES with 3 ROOMS, including Bath-rooms. Tennis Courts. Good view and Healthy situation. Rent and Taxes \$32, a month.
 Apply to
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd., Hongkong, 24th March 1891. [482]

TO LET.
 With immediate Possession.
 NO. 17, PRAYA CENTRAL.

OFFICES—above Messrs. Douglas, Laprak & Co.'s Premises.
 Apply to
 THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd., Hongkong, 16th December, 1890. [49]

TO BE LET.
 NO. 10, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
 Apply to
 HERCULES J. SCOTT, Hongkong, 3rd February, 1891. [227]

TO LET.
 NOS. 25 & 27, ELGIN STREET, behind the Old Union Church.
 Apply to
 ACHEE & Co., Hongkong, 25th February, 1891. [40]

Hotels.

STAG HOTEL, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

THIS HOTEL, situated in the most Central part of Hongkong, has recently been refitted, and has excellent accommodation for visitors.
 The Table is supplied with every delicacy of the Season.
 WINES, LIQUORS, &c. of the very best quality only.
 Charges Moderate.
 HING LEE & Co., Proprietors.
 Hongkong, 14th April, 1891. [578]

THE SHAMEN HOTEL BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably situated within a few minutes walk of the "River Steamer Wharves," is now open to receive Visitors.
 The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting Rooms, and accommodation generally will be found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.
 The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced hands.
 Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best quality only.
 A. F. DO ROZARIO, Manager.
 Hongkong, 4th November, 1890. [1047]

PEAK HOTEL, VICTORIA GAP, PEAK, Adjoining the Tramway Terminus.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL POSITION in the caravans of Hongkong, situated 1,250 feet above sea level, commanding magnificent views of the City and Harbour of Victoria, the mainland of China and neighbouring islands.
 Cool Southern breezes in Summer with perfect protection from N.E. Winds of Winter.
 The best accommodation of Visitors with every comfort, convenience and attention.
 The Cuisine is under the best supervision and every luxury obtainable is supplied.
 WINES, etc., of the best Brands and finest quality only are kept.
 TERMS MODERATE.
 Telephone No. 20.
 PEAK HOTEL & TRADING CO., Ltd., Proprietors.
 Hongkong, 13th February, 1891. [277]

THE BOA VISTA.
 BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS HOUSE, situated on the sea shore in one of the best and healthiest parts of Macao, and commanding an admirable view facing the South, is now OPENED as a HOTEL, on the 1st July.
 Every comfort will be provided for Visitors, with excellent cuisine and choice Wines.
 Hot, Cold, Shower, and Sea Water Baths. Large and well ventilated Dining, Billiard, and Reading Rooms, and well supplied.
 A small dairy is attached to the premises.
 Mrs. MARIA B. DOS REMEDIOS, Proprietress.
 [34]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.
REGION PINE SPARS AND LUMBER
 Always on Hand.
 L. MALLORY, Hongkong, 24th April, 1891. [658]

Masonic.

VICTORIA CHAPTER, No. 525.

A REGULAR CONVOCACTION of the above Chapter, will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on TUESDAY next, the 28th inst., at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Hongkong, 16th April, 1891. [594]

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above named Lodge will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on FRIDAY, the 1st May, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 22nd April, 1891. [616]

Intimations.

NOTICE.
 THE PUNJOM AND SUNGHIE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

ISSUE OF 60,000 PREFERENCE SHARES OF \$1 EACH FULLY PAID.

APPLICATIONS will be received at the Company's Office, No. 9, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, for 60,000 \$1 Shares bearing a right to a cumulative Preferential Dividend of 12 per cent.

In the event of Company being wound up the Holders of the said Preference Shares shall be entitled to have the surplus assets of the Company applied in the first place to repaying to them of the amount paid up on such Preference Shares, the residue of such surplus assets shall belong to and be divided among the Ordinary Shareholders of the Company.

Application forms are to be obtained from and to be sent in to the Company's Bankers, the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in Hongkong on or before TUESDAY, the 5th May 1891, accompanied by payment of \$1 per share for each share applied for.

By Order of the Board.
 A. O'D. GOURDIN, Secretary. [624]
 Hongkong, 23rd April, 1891.

THE HALL & HOLTZ C. Co., LIMITED.
 HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
 REGISTERED OFFICE, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

THE SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Head Office, 13, Nanjing Road, Shanghai, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of SATURDAY, the 25th April, 1891, when the Report and Accounts for the year ended 28th February, 1891, will be presented.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 20th to 25th inst. (both days inclusive). Proxies must be sent in for registration, not less than 24 hours before the meeting.

By Order of the Directors.
 W. HAYWARD, Secretary. [547]
 April 2nd, 1891.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.
HONGKONG DERBY, 1891.

THE WEIGHTS for the above RACE will be weight for inches, not for st. lbs. as heretofore.

E. H. GOPE-BOOTH, Clerk of the Course.
 Hongkong, 17th March, 1891. [443]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED:

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$5,000,000.
 PAID UP CAPITAL 2,500,000.
 RESERVE FUND 1,250,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
 Hon. J. J. KESWICK, Chairman.
 Hon. C. P. CHATER, Managing Directors.
 LEE SING, Esq., J. S. MICHAELSEN, Esq., J. S. MOSES, Esq., T. Z. NOBLE, Esq., POON PONG, Esq., D. R. SASSOON, Esq.

BANKERS.
THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

MONEY advanced on Mortgage, on Land, and Buildings.

Properties purchased and sold. Estates Managed and all kinds of Agency and Commission business relating to land, etc., conducted.

Full particulars can be obtained at the Company's Office, No. 9, Queen's Road Central.

A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary.
 Victoria Buildings, Hongkong and Macao. [64]

NOTICE.
THOMAS KERR & CO.

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS AND CONTRACTORS.
YAU-MAT-TEE ENGINEERING WORKS, KOWLOON.

OFFICE—No. 12, D'AGUIAR STREET, Hongkong, 25th August, 1890. [30]

NOTICE.
 The Undersigned undertakes to produce First Class Photographs. Gentlemen wishing to patronize may have PROOFS OF PHOTOS sent to them for approval, and if not satisfied, no charge will be made.

Cabinets (enamelled) \$5 a dozen.
 Cartes de Visite do. 2
 PUN WOO, PHOTOGRAPHER, 64, Queen's Road Central, (Top Floor of Teen Sing, Bookbinder), Hongkong, 17th February, 1891. [298]

G. FALCONER & CO.
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.
 No. 48, Queen's Road Central. [912]

JOHN AMBROSE CLARKE, Teacher of Officers and Engineers, No. 75, WYNDHAM STREET, Opposite Central Police Station.

CANDIDATES prepared for the MARINE BOARD EXAMINATION.
 Author of the "NEW NAVIGATION" and an "Astronomer" for Engineers, &c.
 Hongkong, 7th February, 1891. [146]

Intimations.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

A COMPETITION for the Long Range HANDICAP CHALLENGE CUP and RANGE SPOONS, will be held TO-MORROW, the 25th instant, commencing at 3.15 P.M. Distances 800 and 900 yards; usual conditions.

A Launch will leave the P. & O. Pier at 2.45 P.M. to convey competitors.

FRANK COLLINS, Hon. Secretary.
 N.B.—Competitors who have not yet paid their subscriptions to these Cups, are requested to forward the amount (\$1 each cup) to the Hon. Treasurer.
 Hongkong, 21st April, 1891. [165]

J. & R. HARVEY & Co., DUNDASHILL DISTILLERS, GLASGOW. Established 1770.

SCOTCH WHISKIES.
 Finest Pure Malt Scotch Whisky.
 O.H.M. Old Highland Malt Whisky.
 F.O.S. Fine Old Scotch Whisky.
 V.O.S. Very Old Scotch Whisky.

MESSRS. HARVEY & Co.'s Pure Malt Whiskies have for over fifty years commanded the largest sale in the English Market OF ANY WHISKY made in Scotland, and being thoroughly matured in Sherry Wood are very mild and mellow, and are confidently recommended where a Pure, Wholesome Spirit is desired.

Over one million Gallons produced annually.
 For Prices and Samples, apply to
 G. RENNIE STEWART, 12, D'AGUIAR STREET, HONGKONG.
 Sole Agent for China and Japan.
 Hongkong, 28th August, 1890. [1369]

NOTICE.
HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this HARBOUR some of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, PRAYA CENTRAL, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found necessary, communication with the Undersigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.
 D. GILLIES, Secretary. [15]

Hongkong, 24th August, 1890.

SIEN TING, SURGEON DENTIST.
 No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.
 TERMS VERY MODERATE.
 Consultation free.
 Hongkong, 18th March, 1891. [448]

DENTISTRY.
FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.

M. WONG TAI-FONG, Surgeon Dentist, (Formerly assisted Dr. Rogers), HAS REMOVED

TO THE MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD, (next to the Telegraph Companies).
 CONSULTATION FREE.
 Hongkong, 7th March, 1891. [395]

W. S. MARTEN, ARTISTIC DECORATOR,
 2, DUDELL STREET, HONGKONG.
 Hongkong, 6th April, 1890. [32]

NOTICE.
JAYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JAYE'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says
 "It is the best Disinfectant in use."
 W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Buildings, Hongkong, 10th March, 1891. [72]

NOTICE.
GRIFFITH'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS
 1, Ice House Road are suitably lighted to produce all styles of Portraiture in any weather.

CABINETS from \$5 a dozen.
 CARTES DE VISITE from \$3 a dozen.
 LIFE SIZED BUSTS in Colour, or Black & White.
 IVORY MINIATURES, &c., &c.
 NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG and the Coast Ports are always ready.
 Hongkong, 24th September, 1890. [148]

Dr. Knorr's ANTIPYRINE.
 (Dose for Adults 15 to 25 grains (tryp.))

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ZEPHYLUS, HOOPING COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had from every reputable Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature, "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!
 Hongkong, 24th May, 1890. [1424]

For Sale.

INTIMATION.

F. Blackhead & Co., SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, AND